S. 258

To improve price discovery in milk and dairy markets by reducing the effects of the National Cheese Exchange on the basic formula price established under milk marketing orders, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 4, 1997

Mr. Feingold (for himself and Mr. Kohl) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

A BILL

- To improve price discovery in milk and dairy markets by reducing the effects of the National Cheese Exchange on the basic formula price established under milk marketing orders, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Milk Price Discovery
 - 5 Improvement Act of 1997".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) the National Cheese Exchange, located in 2 Green Bay, Wisconsin, is the only cash market for 3 bulk cheese in the United States, trades less than 1 4 percent of all bulk cheese sold nationally, and cur-5 rently functions as the only price discovery mecha-6 nism for bulk cheese throughout the industry;
 - (2) the National Cheese Exchange opinion price directly influences milk prices paid to farmers because of its use in the Department of Agriculture's basic formula price under Federal milk marketing orders;
 - (3) opinion prices at the National Cheese Exchange influence the price for much of the bulk cheese bought and sold in the United States and directly or indirectly influences the price of milk paid to producers throughout the United States;
 - (4) the National Cheese Exchange is a thinly traded, illiquid, and highly concentrated market that is increasingly volatile;
 - (5) a report issued by the University of Wisconsin and funded by the United States Department of Agriculture concluded that the National Cheese Exchange is vulnerable to price manipulation;
 - (6) the thin nature of the National Cheese Exchange and the characteristics of that market that

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1 may facilitate price manipulation have led to wide-2 spread producer concern about the validity of prices 3 at the National Cheese Exchange; and

(7) it is in the national interest to ensure that prices on cash markets that directly and indirectly affect milk prices are determined in the most competitive manner practicable and to improve price discovery for milk and other dairy products.

9 SEC. 3. BASIC FORMULA PRICE.

5

6

7

8

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Section 143(a) of the Agricultural Market Transition 11 Act (7 U.S.C. 7253(a)) is amended by adding at the end 12 the following:

"(5) National Cheese Exchange.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this subsection and section 8c(5) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, the Secretary shall not, directly or indirectly, use a price established on the National Cheese Exchange to determine the basic formula price for milk or any other milk price regulated by the Secretary.

"(B) Regulations.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall review and amend

1	the applicable regulations promulgated by the
2	Secretary to ensure that the regulations comply
3	with subparagraph (A).
4	"(C) Effect on further revision.—
5	Subparagraph (B) shall not preclude a further
6	revision to, or replacement of, the basic formula
7	price under this subsection or section 8c(5) of
8	the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C.
9	608c(5)), reenacted with amendments by the
10	Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937,
11	except that the revision or replacement shall be
12	consistent with subparagraph (A).".
13	SEC. 4. DAIRY PRICE DISCOVERY AND REPORTING SYSTEM.
14	Section 203 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of
15	1946 (7 U.S.C. 1622) is amended by adding at the end
16	the following:
17	"(o) Dairy Price Discovery and Reporting Sys-
18	TEM.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
20	the date of enactment of this subsection, the Sec-
21	retary shall develop a price discovery system for raw
22	milk, bulk cheese, and other dairy products in order
23	to facilitate orderly marketing conditions.
24	"(2) Administration.—In carrying out para-
25	graph (1), the Secretary shall—

1	"(A) collect and disseminate, on a weekly
2	basis, statistically reliable information, obtained
3	from all cheese manufacturing areas in the
4	United States on prices and terms of trade for
5	spot and forward contracts, reported separately
6	transactions involving bulk cheese, including in-
7	formation on the national average price and re-
8	gional average prices for bulk cheese sold
9	through spot and contract transactions;
10	"(B) provide technical assistance to any
11	person, group of persons, or organization seek-
12	ing to organize a cash market alternative to the
13	National Cheese Exchange that the Secretary
14	believes will improve price discovery; and
15	"(C) not later than 180 days after the date
16	of enactment of this subsection—
17	"(i) in cooperation with the Commod-
18	ity Futures Trading Commission, conduct
19	a study and report to Congress on means
20	of encouraging improved volume in futures
21	trading for milk, bulk cheese, and other
22	dairy products; and
23	"(ii) conduct a study and report to
24	Congress on the feasibility and desirability

1	of the creation of an electronic exchange
2	for cheese and other dairy products.
3	"(3) Confidentiality.—All information pro-
4	vided to, or acquired by, the Secretary under para-
5	graph (2)(A) shall be kept confidential by each offi-
6	cer and employee of the Department of Agriculture,
7	except that general weekly statements may be issued
8	that are based on the information and that do not
9	identify the information provided by any person.".
10	SEC. 5. OVERSIGHT OF CASH MARKETS AFFECTING FED.
11	ERAL MILK MARKETING ORDERS.
12	Section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7
13	U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricul-
14	tural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by
15	adding at the end the following:
16	"(20) Oversight of Cash Markets affect-
17	ING FEDERAL MILK MARKETING ORDERS.—
18	"(A) Definition of noncompetitive
19	PRACTICE.—In this paragraph, the term 'non-
20	competitive practice' means an action or meas-
21	ure that involves engaging in a course of busi-
22	ness or act for the purpose or with the effect
23	of—
24	"(i) manipulating or controlling a
25	price on a cash market that affects the

1	price of milk regulated under an order is-
2	sued under this section;
3	"(ii) creating a monopoly in the ac-
4	quiring, buying, selling, or dealing in a
5	product; or
6	"(iii) restraining commerce.
7	"(B) General rule.—In order to ensure
8	fair trade practices and orderly marketing con-
9	ditions for milk and milk products under this
10	section, the Secretary shall prohibit non-
11	competitive practices on a cash exchange for
12	milk, cheese, and other milk products that the
13	Secretary finds affects or influences the price of
14	milk regulated under an order issued under this
15	section.
16	"(C) OTHER AGENCIES AND STATES.—
17	This paragraph shall not affect the authority of
18	the Federal Trade Commission, Commodity Fu-
19	tures Trading Commission, Department of Jus-
20	tice, any other Federal agency, or any State
21	agency to regulate a noncompetitive practice de-
22	scribed in subparagraph (B).
23	"(D) Enforcement.—The enforcement
24	provisions of sections 203, 204, and 205 of the
25	Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7 U.S.C.

1 193, 194, 195) shall apply, to the extent prac-2 ticable (as determined by the Secretary), to this 3 paragraph.".

 \bigcirc